

WHO SHOULD READ THIS?



Tenants





Agents Landlords

YOUR GUIDE TO:

DEPOSIT **DEDUCTIONS TEMPLATE**





The Tenancy Deposit Scheme deals with over 15,000 tenancy deposit disputes each year.

We have produced a template for proposed deductions from the tenancy deposit to help letting agents and landlords set out clearly to their tenants the details of any proposed deductions they want to take from the deposit.



THE EDITABLE PDF TEMPLATE IS

AVAILABLE FROM THE MEMBERS

SECTION OF THE TDS WEBSITE.

WWW.TENANCYDEPOSITSCHEME.COM



WHY IS THIS STRUCTURED APPROACH IMPORTANT?

The deposit belongs to the tenant unless the landlord is able to prove that they are entitled to make a claim on the deposit.

This template we have produced is designed explicitly to **help agents** and landlords set out their case for any deductions in a transparent way. If the agent or landlord does not have a strong case for making a deduction the use of this template will make this obvious.



This template form has been developed by TDS for the exclusive benefit of TDS member letting agents and landlords. It has been designed to integrate into the **TDS deposit dispute process** and the form itself benefits from TDS copyright.





How to use the template

TDS has produced an editable PDF of the template which means that you can type your responses directly into the form and save this as your own document. Once it has been agreed it can be sent to your tenants who in turn can add their comments into the form.

The document is set out in the same way as the TDS Disputes Evidence Portal which means that if you end up having a dispute referred to **TDS to adjudicate you will be able to cut and paste the comments** of the template into the TDS Disputes Evidence Portal.

TDS knows that there are certain key documents that you will need to have available to send to your tenant(s) to support a claim. If you do not have these then it is likely that you will not succeed in making a tenancy deposit deduction claim.



TENANCY AGREEMENT

This is very important as it should set out details of what deductions can be made from the deposit and any individually negotiated clauses you may have agreed with the tenant. When you are making a claim you need to specify which clause in the tenancy agreement allows you to do this.



INVENTORY/CHECK IN

TDS knows that many disputes are about cleaning or damage to the property. In order to prove these types of claims landlords will usually have to have a detailed inventory/check in report which accurately describes the condition and cleanliness of the property at the start of the tenancy. This document should have been supplied to the tenant at the start of the tenancy and they should have been given an opportunity to make any amendments.



INVENTORY/CHECK OUT

Similarly the landlord will need to have an updated inventory at check out which describes the condition and cleanliness of the property at the end of the tenancy. Without this document it will be difficult to demonstrate that there has been a deterioration in the cleanliness and/or condition of the property at the end of the tenancy. The tenant will need to have been given an opportunity to comment on the check out.



RENT STATEMENTS

These are critical if the landlord wishes to make a deduction from the deposit for rent arrears.



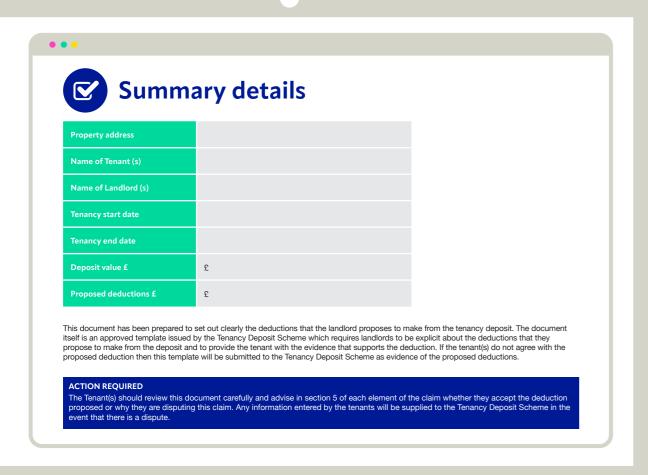
INVOICES/ESTIMATES

These will be important to quantify any claim (but landlords must have regard to the concepts of betterment and fair wear and tear when making claims).



The TDS template for proposed deposit deductions has a number of stages which are important for landlords and letting agents to follow.

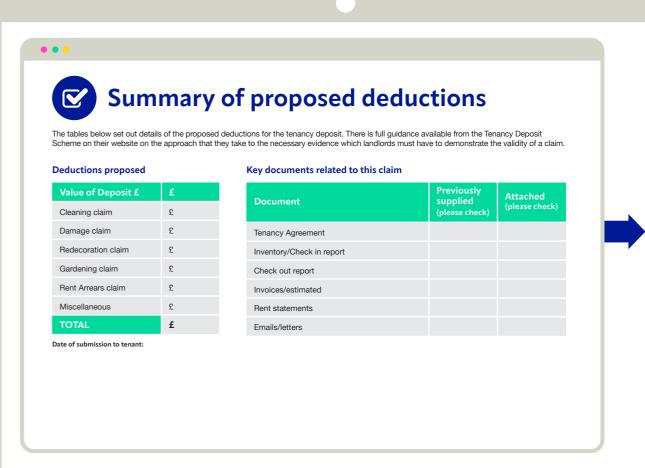
The summary section captures the key details of the tenancy and the deposit. It is important that this matches the details as set out in the tenancy agreement.





SUMMARY OF PROPOSED DEDUCTIONS

In this section set out what deductions the landlord/agent wishes to make from the deposit. It is also at this stage that the landlord sets out the key documents that they have to support the claim. These will need to be copied to the tenant (and to TDS if the claim goes to adjudication in due course).



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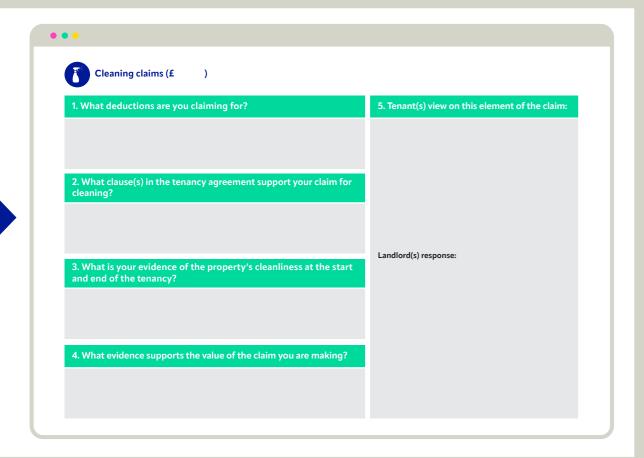


CLEANING CLAIMS

TDS knows that most disputes include a claim about cleaning. The template asks the landlord to be clear what deductions are being proposed.

However it also asks the landlord or agent to set out the clause(s) in the tenancy agreement that allows you to do this (as if the landlord or agent cannot point to this they are unlikely to be able to make a successful claim).

The landlord needs to refer to the check in and check out reports and also to substantiate the evidence to back up the amount of the claim.

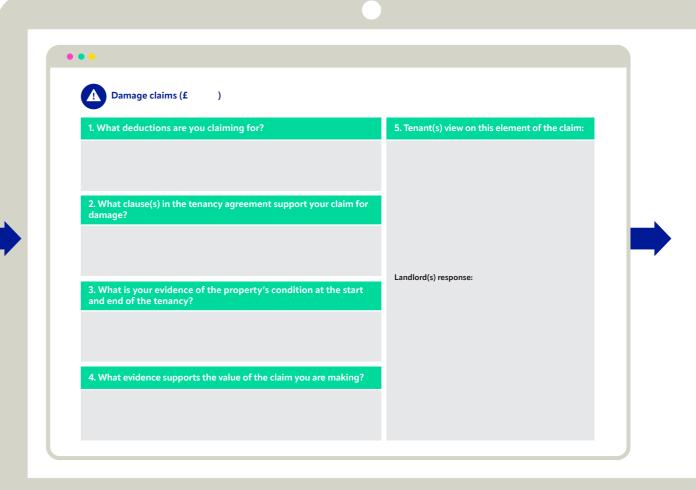




DAMAGE

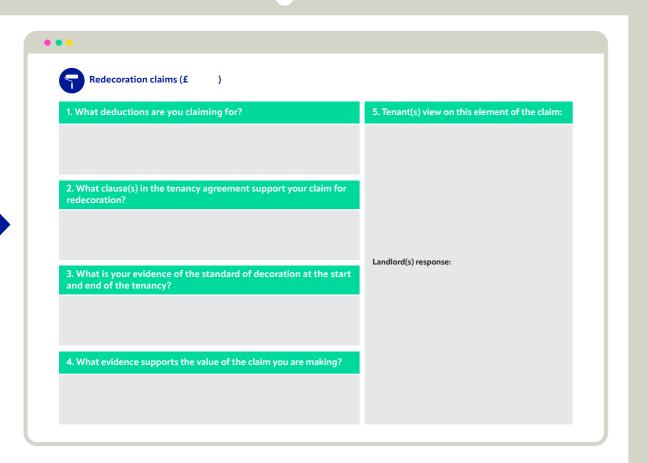
The same process is used for damage claims. Set out the proposed deductions. Refer to the tenancy agreement clauses that are relevant to the claim.

Point to the check in and check out reports and provide the evidence to back up the amount of the claim.

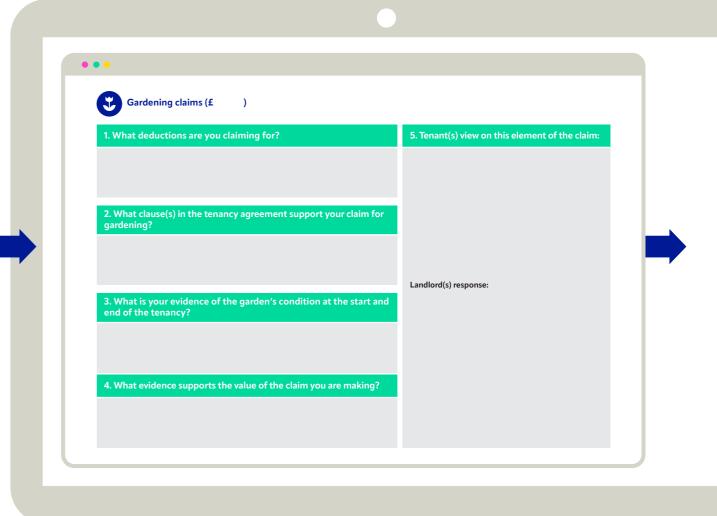










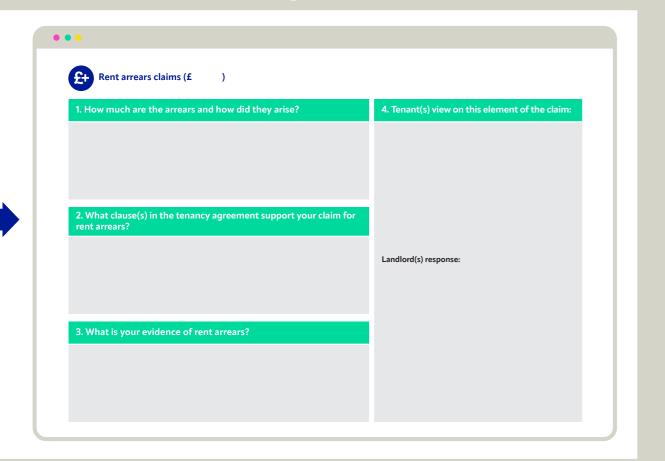






RENT ARREARS

Rent arrears claims do need to be accompanied with a clear rent statement showing rent owed, rent paid and any arrears at the end of the tenancy.

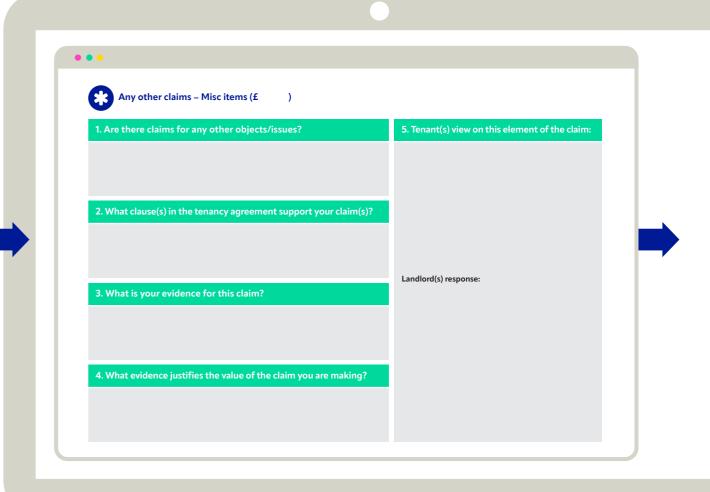




OTHER CLAIMS

The landlord may want to claim for other matters. The same process should be adopted;

- What is the claim?
- Does the tenancy agreement allow the deduction to be made?
- What evidence is there to support the claim and how much is being claimed?





The next steps...



Once the agent/landlord has agreed the proposed deposit deduction and collated all of the supporting evidence the completed template (plus any evidence attachments) should be sent to the tenant(s).



As the template is an editable PDF the tenants should be able to set out their response to each claim on the template form itself.



If the tenants agree all of the deductions, the agent or landlord can make any repayments of the deposit in accordance with the agreement reached.



If some of the deductions are agreed then the landlord or agent can make the agreed repayments leaving only the disputed amounts to be resolved.



Continuing efforts should then be made to seek to agree a deposit deduction with the tenant and landlord. If this is not possible then a dispute may be raised with TDS. The agent or landlord can then use the information on the dispute deduction form to enter the details of the dispute and upload the accompanying evidence to TDS.

WHY IS THIS PROPOSAL FOR DEPOSIT DEDUCTIONS FORM **SO HELPFUL?**

- It requires the agent/landlord to properly structure the deposit deduction proposal and to ensure that they are able to make a deduction and that evidence is available;
- If the landlord does not have evidence to support a claim it will be very obvious if the form is used properly and this should reduce the number of unsuccessful claims made;
- 3 It helps the tenant see that the landlord is justified in making a deduction and that there is evidence to support this.
- In the event that there is a dispute that goes to TDS there is very little extra work that the agent or landlord needs to do. The details in the Proposal for Deposit Deductions along with the supporting evidence (and any comments made by tenants) can be uploaded directly into the TDS Disputes Evidence Portal.



















